Imaging more patients might help ID aggressive breast cancer

FDG-PET/CT may benefit patients younger than 40 years old with aggressive breast cancer, according to a study in the <u>Journal of Nuclear Medicine</u> that examined 134 patients who underwent FDG-PET/CT prior to treatment. Imaging found that 10% of patients initially diagnosed with stage I or II breast cancer had stage IV disease and that 17% of asymptomatic stage IIb patients had distant metastases. Findings suggest that although FDG-PET/CT is not recommended in less advanced diagnoses, it may provide better assessment of disease progression and appropriate treatment for these patients. <u>AuntMinnie.com (free registration)</u> (9/17